# أسئلة الوزارة
## اللغة الإنجليزية



الوحدة الرابعة

# ٤

Tastes

جيل ٢٠٠٩

٣٠ سؤال من امتحانات الوزارة ٢٠٢٤–٢٠٢٦
مفحوصة من الكتاب

✓ جرّب أولاً · الإجابات والشرح في آخر الملف

## 1A Vocabulary and Speaking: Adjectives to describe food, Partitives

**1** وزارة ٢٠٢٦ العام

I **wish** you had told me what sort of house it was.

The underlined word in the above sentence is used to .....

| | |
|---|---|
| A) talk about past regrets | B) criticise present actions |
| C) report beliefs and opinions | D) talk about present regrets |

**2** وزارة ٢٠٢٦ العام

We used to dip .....of oranges into sugar as a snack when we were children.

| | |
|---|---|
| A) segments | B) slabs |
| C) scoops | D) cloves |

**3** وزارة ٢٠٢٦ العام

People think that shopping will always be a social experience.

The correct passive form of the sentence above is .....

| | |
|---|---|
| A) It is thought that shopping will always be a social experience. | B) It was thought that shopping will always be a social experience. |
| C) It is thought that shopping would always be a social experience. | D) It was thought that shopping would always be a social experience. |

**4** وزارة ٢٠٢٦ العام

Rana ..... have been here earlier, that's certainly her umbrella on the table.

| | |
|---|---|
| A) could | B) mustn't |
| C) can't | D) must |

**5** وزارة ٢٠٢٦ العام

They have made a mistake.

The sentence above can be rewritten using hedging as .....

| | |
|---|---|
| A) They seem to have perhaps made a mistake. | B) They have definitely made a mistake. |
| C) They are clearly wrong. | D) It is obvious that they have made a mistake |

**6** وزارة ٢٠٢٥ العام

**The International Tourism Conference** was held in Madrid in 2019 CE.

The sentence which emphasises the underlined part in the sentence above is……

| | |
|---|---|
| A) The place where the International Tourism Conference was held in 2019 was Madrid. | B) The event that took place in Madrid in 2019 CE was the International Tourism Conference. |
| C) The year when the International Tourism Conference was held in Madrid is 2019 CE. | D) It was in 2019 CE that the International Tourism Conference was held in Madrid. |

**7** وزارة ٢٠٢٥ العام

If only Rami hadn't forgotten to water the plants.

The above sentence means that ----------

| | |
|---|---|
| A) Rami didn't forget to water the plants. | B) Rami forgot to water the plants. |
| C) Rami watered the plants. | D) Rami remembered to water the plants. |

**8** وزارة ٢٠٢٥ العام

I am very hungry! I wish I ---------- something to eat before the conference.

| | |
|---|---|
| A) has | B) had had |
| C) didn’t have | D) hadn’t had |

**9** وزارة ٢٠٢٤ العام

Blood is a liquid --------- distributes food and oxygen to body parts.

| | |
|---|---|
| A) where | B) who |
| C) that | D) when |

## 2A Reading and Vocabulary: What Tickles Your Taste Buds?

**10** وزارة ٢٠٢٦ العام

But then, oh no – the detective goes into a fish and chip shop. Your senses are suddenly on full alert. You can smell the vinegar, hear the chips sizzling in the fryer, and your stomach rumbles. The policeman bites into the fish, and your mouth starts to water.

Which sense is indicated by the phrase 'chips sizzling'?

| | |
|---|---|
| A) Sight | B) Hearing |
| C) Touch | D) Taste |

## 3A Grammar: Advanced conditional structures, Inversion in conditional forms

**11** وزارة ٢٠٢٦ العام

The trees provide shade so that the soil isn't dried out by the sun.
The above sentence can be rewritten using conditional sentences with inversion as.....

A) The trees should not provide shade, the soil would be dried out by the sun.

B) Should the trees not provide shade, the soil would be dried out by the sun.

C) Should the trees provide shade, the soil would be dried out by the sun.

D) Should the trees not provide shade, the soil wouldn't be dried out by the sun.

**12** وزارة ٢٠٢٦ العام

If cattle ..... on ecological grass, we ..... healthier meat and milk.

A) grazed / 'll have got

B) graze / 'd get

C) had grazed / 'll get

D) graze / 'll get

**13** وزارة ٢٠٢٥ العام

Dr. Kareem isn't old enough to retire. If only he ……. older.

A) would

B) were

C) had

D) is

**14** وزارة ٢٠٢٥ العام

I wish I ..... the swimming classes in the gym as I gained some weight.

A) hadn't given up

B) gave up

C) didn't give up

D) had given up

**15** وزارة ٢٠٢٥ العام

Sawsan: I didn't know about the previous meeting with the staff.
The sentence which correctly expresses regret about the situation above is ……

| | |
|---|---|
| A) Sawsan wishes she had known about the previous meeting with the staff. | B) Sawsan wishes she knows about the previous meeting with the staff. |
| C) Sawsan wishes she knew about the previous meeting with the staff. | D) Sawsan wishes she has known about the previous meeting with the staff. |

**16** وزارة ٢٠٢٥ التكميلي

We can't begin the meeting ..... everyone is present since their participation is needed.

| | |
|---|---|
| A) when | B) provided that |
| C) if | D) unless |

**17** وزارة ٢٠٢٥ التكميلي

Ali failed his driving test because he was very nervous.
If Ali .....so nervous, he ..... his driving test.

| | |
|---|---|
| A) hadn't been / wouldn't have passed | B) wasn't / wouldn't pass |
| C) hadn't been / would have passed | D) was / would pass |

**18** وزارة ٢٠٢٥ التكميلي

Marwan might not have become a dentist if his parents .....him.

| | |
|---|---|
| A) hadn't encouraged | B) didn't encourage |
| C) don't encourage | D) haven't encouraged |

**19** وزارة ٢٠٢٥ العام

You can't go out to play football ---------- you finish your homework.

| | |
|---|---|
| A) even if | B) unless |
| C) provided that | D) if |

**20** وزارة ٢٠٢٥ العام

I ---------- to London if I don't get a cheap flight.

| | |
|---|---|
| A) hadn't travelled | B) didn't travel |
| C) won't travel | D) wouldn't travel |

**21** وزارة ٢٠٢٥ العام

Hatem ---------- the car himself if he had had the tools.

| | |
|---|---|
| A) repairs | B) would have repaired |
| C) would repair | D) will repair |

**22** وزارة ٢٠٢٥ العام

When it rains, the grass ---------- wet.

| | |
|---|---|
| A) got | B) had got |
| C) get | D) gets |

**23** وزارة ٢٠٢٥ العام

I ---------- late if I hadn't overslept.

| | |
|---|---|
| A) will be | B) wouldn't have been |
| C) would be | D) am |

**24** وزارة ٢٠٢٥ التكميلي

I will buy the jacket---------- it's sold out.

| | |
|---|---|
| A) even if | B) unless |
| C) provided that | D) if |

**25** وزارة ٢٠٢٥ التكميلي

If we were in Amman, we ---------- able to go to Amman International Book Fair.

| | |
|---|---|
| A) would be | B) would have been |
| C) won't be | D) will be |

## 4A Speaking: Proposing solutions, giving reasons and justifications

**26** وزارة ٢٠٢٦ العام

The purpose of this proposal is to suggest new strategies for reducing waste.
In a proposal, the sentence above fits best in the ..... section.

| | |
|---|---|
| A) conclusion | B) recommendations and benefits |
| C) introduction | D) information about the current situation |

**27** وزارة ٢٠٢٥ العام

The sentence that indicates consequence is .....

| | |
|---|---|
| A) The cause of the fire will be unknown due to the severe damage to the structure. | B) Light will go off automatically in my new house. In this way, we will save energy. |
| C) He is amazed by how trees can live so long whereas people come and go. | D) Although we were caught in a traffic jam, we didn't mess the start of the play. |

## 5A Listening and Vocabulary: A vlog about table manners

**28** وزارة ٢٠٢٦ العام

Laith is a highly skilled pianist, but he doesn't show off about it. He's ..... .

A) detected

B) bigoted

C) modest

D) tough

## 6A Writing and Vocabulary: A restaurant review

**29** وزارة ٢٠٢٦ العام

The restaurant is easily accessed from a rear car park, which has contributed to its success.

The above sentence can be rewritten using nominalisation as .....

A) Easy access from a rear car park has contributed to the restaurant's success.

B) The rear car park makes it easy to access the restaurant, contributing to its success.

C) It is easy to access the restaurant from a rear car park, so it became successful.

D) The restaurant is easy to access from a rear car park and it has contributed to its success.

## Life Skills: How to think critically about food choices

**30** وزارة ٢٠٢٥ العام

3) The effects of ..... produced chemicals that are discharged into the environment are clear, mainly in industrial cities.

A) artifice

B) artificially

C) artificialness

D) artificiality

## مفتاح الإجابات

| | | | | | | | | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| 1 | A | 2 | A | 3 | A | 4 | D | 5 | A |
| 6 | B | 7 | B | 8 | B | 9 | C | 10 | B |
| 11 | B | 12 | D | 13 | B | 14 | A | 15 | A |
| 16 | D | 17 | C | 18 | A | 19 | B | 20 | C |
| 21 | B | 22 | D | 23 | B | 24 | B | 25 | A |
| 26 | C | 27 | B | 28 | C | 29 | A | 30 | B |

## الحل والشرح

**1** **A) talk about past regrets** 'Wish + past perfect' (had told) expresses regret about the past. The speaker wishes something had happened differently before.

**2** **A) segments** Segments are the pieces of an orange, so you dip orange segments in sugar. Slabs, scoops and cloves do not describe orange pieces.

**3** **A) It is thought that shopping will always be a social experience.** The book gives the structure 'It + passive form of reporting verb + that' for what people generally think. 'People think' becomes 'It is thought that', and the clause keeps 'will always be'.

**4** **D) must** The book uses must for logical deduction, and can't for the opposite. Seeing her umbrella on the table, we are sure Rana was here, so 'must have been'.

**5** **A) They seem to have perhaps made a mistake.** Hedging means expressing ideas with some degree of caution, for example with adverbs such as 'perhaps'. 'They seem to have perhaps made a mistake' is cautious, while the other options state the mistake as certain.

**6** **B) The event that took place in Madrid in 2019 CE was the International Tourism Conference.** The underlined part is a thing (the conference), so the cleft sentence starts with a "The ... that" phrase and ends with it: "The event that took place in Madrid in 2019 CE was the International Tourism Conference". The others emphasise the place or the year.

**7** **B) Rami forgot to water the plants.** 'If only he hadn't forgotten' expresses regret about the past. So in fact Rami did forget to water the plants.

**8** **B) had had** He is hungry now because he did not eat earlier, a regret about the past. So 'wish' + past perfect: had had.

**9** **C) that** This is a defining relative clause about a thing (a liquid), and the clause needs a relative pronoun as its subject. 'That' works for things; 'who' is for people and 'where' and 'when' are for places and times.

**10** **B) Hearing** 'Hearing the chips sizzling in the fryer' is about sound, so the sense is hearing. Smell is shown by 'the vinegar' and taste by 'bites into the fish'.

**11** **B) Should the trees not provide shade, the soil would be dried out by the sun.** To form inversion, replace 'if + subject + infinitive' with 'should + subject + infinitive', so 'Should the trees not provide shade'. The result stays 'the soil would be dried out', because without shade the sun dries it.

**12** **D) graze / 'll get** This is a first conditional: a possible future situation uses present simple in the if-clause and will in the result: 'If cattle graze ..., we'll get ...'.

**13** **B) were** 'If only' about a present situation that is not true takes the past simple, and 'be' becomes 'were': if only he were older.

**14** **A) hadn't given up** Regret about the past uses 'wish' + past perfect. The speaker did give up the classes, so the wish is 'hadn't given up'.

**15** **A) Sawsan wishes she had known about the previous meeting with the staff.** She did not know about the meeting, a regret about the past. So 'wishes' is followed by the past perfect: she had known.

**16** **D) unless** The book lists unless as adding a negative meaning to the condition: "can't begin unless everyone is present" means only when they are. When and if do not carry that meaning.

**17** **C) hadn't been / would have passed** The failure is past and real, so the unreal reversal is the Third Conditional: if + past perfect (hadn't been), would have + past participle (would have passed).

**18** **A) hadn't encouraged** The result clause "might not have become" is the Third Conditional pattern, so the if clause takes the past perfect: hadn't encouraged.

**19** **B) unless** The book lists unless as adding a negative meaning to the condition: "you can't go out unless you finish your homework" means only if you finish it. Provided that and if would give a positive condition.

**20** **C) won't travel** This is a possible future situation, so the book's First Conditional is used: if + present simple, will + verb. So won't travel is right.

**21** **B) would have repaired** "If he had had the tools" is the past perfect, which marks the Third Conditional, so the main clause takes would have + past participle: would have repaired.

**22** **D) gets** A fact that is always true uses the Zero Conditional, with the present simple in both clauses: When it rains, the grass gets wet.

**23** **B) wouldn't have been** "If I hadn't overslept" is the past perfect, so this is the Third Conditional about the past. The result clause is would have + past participle, negative here: wouldn't have been.

**24** **B) unless** The book lists unless as adding a negative meaning to the condition: "I will buy the jacket unless it's sold out" means if it is not sold out. Provided that and if would give a positive condition.

**25** **A) would be** "If we were in Amman" is an imaginary situation in the present, which the book gives to the Second Conditional: if + past simple, would + verb. So would be is correct.

**26** **C) introduction** In the book's model proposal, 'The purpose of this proposal is to ...' opens the Introduction section. It states the aim, so it is not for conclusion or recommendations.

**27** **B) Light will go off automatically in my new house. In this way, we will save energy.** 'In this way, we will save energy' shows the result of the lights going off automatically. The others show cause or contrast, not consequence.

**28** **C) modest** Modest means not showing off about your achievements. Bigoted means intolerant, tough means strong, and detected is a verb.

**29** **A) Easy access from a rear car park has contributed to the restaurant's success.** Nominalisation turns a verb into a noun to avoid wordiness. 'Is easily accessed' becomes the noun phrase 'easy access', giving A.

**30** **B) artificially** We need an adverb to describe 'produced': 'artificially produced chemicals'. The other options are nouns.

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